

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
WESTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

JANET R.,¹

Plaintiff,

v.

20-CV-807-LJV
DECISION & ORDER

COMMISSIONER OF SOCIAL
SECURITY,

Defendant.

The plaintiff, Janet R., is a prevailing party in this Social Security benefits action.

Her counsel has moved for attorney's fees under 42 U.S.C. § 406(b)(1)(A). Docket Items 21, 23. The defendant did not respond to the motion, and the time to do so has now expired. See Loc. R. Civ. P. 5.5(g)(4).

Section 406(b)(1)(A) provides:

Whenever a court renders a judgment favorable to a claimant under this subchapter who was represented before the court by an attorney, the court may determine and allow as part of its judgment a reasonable fee for such representation, not in excess of 25 percent of the total of the past-due benefits to which the claimant is entitled by reason of such judgment, and the Commissioner of Social Security may, notwithstanding the provisions of section 405(i) of this title, but subject to subsection (d) of this section, certify the amount of such fee for payment to such attorney out of, and not in addition to, the amount of such past-due benefits. In case of any such judgment, no other fee may be payable or certified for payment for such representation except as provided in this paragraph.

¹ To protect the privacy interests of Social Security litigants while maintaining public access to judicial records, this Court will identify any non-government party in cases filed under 42 U.S.C. § 405(g) only by first name and last initial. Standing Order, Identification of Non-government Parties in Social Security Opinions (W.D.N.Y. Nov. 18, 2020).

Janet was awarded \$181,794 in past-due benefits. Docket Item 23-1 at 2; Docket Item 23-3. Her counsel seeks \$45,448.50 in fees, Docket Item 23, which is 25% of the past-due benefits and is consistent with the contingent-fee arrangement that provides for attorney's fees in the amount of 25% of any recovery. See Docket Item 23-6.

Having reviewed counsel's fee request and supporting documentation, this Court finds that the requested fee is reasonable based on counsel's experience in Social Security law, the character of the representation provided, and the favorable results achieved. See *Gisbrecht v. Barnhart*, 535 U.S. 789, 808 (2002). Moreover, there is no indication that this fee is a windfall.² *Id.* The \$45,448.50 fee request therefore is granted under 42 U.S.C. § 406(b)(1)(A).

By stipulation approved and ordered on March 14, 2022, this Court previously awarded Janet's counsel \$7,500.00 in fees under the Equal Access to Justice Act

² The Second Circuit recently clarified the factors that a court should consider when analyzing "whether a requested fee would result in a 'windfall.'" *Fields v. Kijakazi*, 24 F.4th 845, 849 (2d Cir. 2022). Those factors are: (1) "the ability and expertise of the lawyers and whether they were particularly efficient"; (2) "the nature and length of the professional relationship with the claimant—including any representation at the agency level"; (3) "the satisfaction of the disabled claimant"; and (4) "how uncertain it was that the case would result in an award of benefits and the effort it took to achieve that result." *Id.* at 854-55. Here, consideration of those factors leads this Court to conclude that the fee request of \$45,448.50 will not result in a windfall.

This Court recognizes that the fee here constitutes an hourly rate of over \$1,087—high by Western New York standards. But the precedent cited in counsel's fee application and the incentive necessary for counsel to take contingency-fee cases weigh in favor of approving the fee here. See *Gisbrecht*, 535 U.S. at 808 (noting that "a record of the hours spent representing the claimant" can be used by the court "as an aid to [its] assessment of the reasonableness of the fee yielded by the fee agreement"); see also *Fields*, 24 F.4th at 854 ("[E]ven a relatively high hourly rate may be perfectly reasonable, and not a windfall, in the context of any given case.").

(“EAJA”), 28 U.S.C. § 2412(d). Docket Items 19, 20. Because the fees granted above exceed the EAJA fees, Janet’s counsel must refund the EAJA fees to her. *See Wells v. Bowen*, 855 F.2d 37, 42 (2d Cir. 1988).

ORDER

In light of the above,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the plaintiff’s motion for attorney’s fees under 42 U.S.C. § 406(b)(1)(A) in the amount of \$45,448.50, Docket Items 21 and 23, is GRANTED; and it is further

ORDERED that Janet’s counsel shall refund the \$7,500.00 in EAJA fees to Janet within 14 days of the entry date of this decision and order.

SO ORDERED.

Dated: May 30, 2023
Buffalo, New York

/s/ Lawrence J. Vilardo

LAWRENCE J. VILARDO
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE